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An examination of the role of the local communities in curbing terrorist threats in North Eastern Kenya: case study of Mandera County

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AN EXAMINATION OF THE ROLE OF THE LOCAL COMMUNITIES IN CURBING TERRORIST THREATS IN NORTH EASTERN KENYA: CASE STUDY OF MANDERA COUNTY

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A RESEARCH PROJECT SUBMITTED IN PARTIAL FULFILLMENT OF THE AWARD OF DEGREE IN BACHELOR OF ARTS IN CRIMINOLOGY AND SECURITY MANAGEMENT TO MOUNT KENYA UNIVERSITY
ABSTRACT

The study was carried out to examine the role of the local community in fighting terrorist threats in Kenya. The research entailed identifying the effect of community policing as a role of the local community in fighting terrorist threats, establish effect of utilization of volunteer resources as a role of the local community in fighting terrorist threats and to assess the effect of intelligence gathering as a role of the local community in fighting terrorist threats in Kenya. Chapter two constitute the review of theoretical literature in reference to theories developed. This study adopted descriptive research design. The target population was 106 respondents. The sampling techniques were stratified random sampling design. The data collection tools were questionnaires. After data collection, all the data were analyzed qualitatively and quantitatively. The presentation involved use of tables and figures. The study found that authorities with its new community policing initiative called ‘Nyumba Kumi is working out well to threats, this was an indication that continuous practices of such initiative, the community is in position to weed out strangers and therefore identifies those potential people that are considered a threat. It was found that local law enforcement can have a foundational tool to effectively use to identify terrorist operations targets within their community. The study also confirmed that the role, means and purpose of intelligence is very often misrepresented to counter terrorism, therefore, the recipient of the intelligence in some occasions may fail to make use of the information they receive from the community as a tip off. The study found that volunteering information to the security forces is tricky because of the love hate relationship. This meant that community does not freely enjoy cordial relationship with the police authority, this results in lack of volunteering of the information. In the recommendations efforts should be directed towards promoting the spirit of ‘Nyumba Kumi since it was working out well against the threats considering that the community was in position to weed out strangers and therefore identifies those potential people that are considered a threat. The security personnel should also ensure that they should fully make use of the intelligence provided by the community as a tip off.
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